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	09/874,106	06/04/2001	Shell S. Simpson	10007657-1	6046
	7590 09/26/2006 HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			EXAMINER	
				SHINGLES, KRISTIE D	
	Intellectual Property Administration P.O. Box 272400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	Fort Collins, C	O 80527-2400		2141	-
				DATE MAILED: 09/26/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/874,106	SIMPSON ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kristie Shingles	2141					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 July 2006</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 and 18-36 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 and 18-36 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claims 1-16 and 18-36 are pending.

#### RESPONSE TO AMENDMENT

1. Claims 1, 19 and 36 have been amended. Claim 17 has been cancelled.

#### RESPONSE TO ARGUMENTS

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 19 and 36 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## 35 USC § 112, FIRST PARAGRAPH

3. Regarding claims 1-16 and 18-36: the corrective claim language has been accepted by the Examiner. The rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, is hereby withdrawn.

# CLAIM REJECTIONS - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. <u>Claims 1-16, 18-27, 29-32 and 34-36</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Anderson* (US 6,499,016) in view of *Wood et al* (US 6,732,162) and further in view of *Wood et al* (US 6,895,557)—hereafter referred to as, *Wood et al'557*.

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- a. **Per claim 1,** Anderson teaches a system for searching imaging data comprising digital data capable of being represented as two dimensional graphics stored in a personal imaging repository by a requested web service operatively connected to a computing device requesting the service, comprising:
  - a computing device for requesting service with the requested web service (Abstract, col.2 lines 53-67);
  - a personal imaging repository associated with a particular user profile for storing imaging data that is to be accessed by the requested web service (col.2 lines 56-67, col.3 lines 10-67, col.5 lines 20-30, col.5 line 64-col.6 line 8, col.6 lines 32-42), wherein said personal imaging repository is an exchange infrastructure between the imaging data and available web services (col.2 lines 56-67, col.5 lines 10-19, col.6 lines 32-42);
  - user information for allowing access to said personal imaging repository (col.5 lines 20-30); and,
  - a requested web service for servicing the imaging data stored in said personal imaging repository responsive to a request from a user and upon having access to said personal imaging repository granted upon receiving said user profile (col.5 line 64-col.6 line 8),
  - wherein said imaging data is maintained in said personal imaging repository once said imaging data is service for at first time (col.6 lines 9-51).

Anderson fails to explicitly teach wherein said requested web service has access to add data to said imaging data stored in said personal imaging repository and said imaging data being made available to being freely used by other web services. However, Wood et al teach the maintenance of user's digital images and graphical files in a database that makes the images and

files available to other web site services (col.3 lines 8-19, col.3 line 65-col.4 line 24, col.5 lines 38-57, col.6 line 43-col.7 line 7, col.8 line 2-47, col.9 lines 29-35, col.10 lines 54-67); while Wood et al'557 teach that the web service Prepare and Post intelligence tools are capable of customizing the imaging data uploaded by submitters which includes adding text, annotations or encoding to the image media objects (col.5 lines 2-20). Wood et al'557 further teach that the image media objects are made available to customers, wherein PictureWorks website partners have real-time access to the image media objects contributed by the submitters (col.2 line 52col.3 line 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Anderson and Wood et al with Wood et al'557 for the purpose of provisioning customization of the images from the requested web service and allowing other web services to use the uploaded images, in order to provide image enhancements from customization tools that may be unavailable to the submitting user—which serves to effectively promote and upgrade the images' quality for advanced utilization and frees users from performing time-consuming customization their images.

- Claims 19 and 36 contain limitations that are substantially equivalent to claim 1, b. differing only in statutory class, and are therefore rejected under the same basis.
- Per claim 2, Anderson and Wood et al with Wood et al'557 teach the system as C. defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said requested web service sends a web content responsive to a service request from said computing device (Abstract, col.2 lines 53-67, col.6 lines 19-42).

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- d. **Per claim 3,** *Anderson* teaches the system as defined in claim 2 wherein said web content causes said user information to be sent to said web service (col.5 lines 20-30, col.6 lines 19-42; *Wood et al*: col.9 lines 29-35, col.10 lines 54-67; *Wood et al*'557: col.2 lines 40-51).
- e. **Per claim 4,** *Anderson* teaches the system as defined in claim 3 wherein said web service accesses said personal imaging repository using said user information (col.5 lines 20-35, col.6 lines 2-8).
- f. Per claim 5, Anderson and Wood et al with Wood et al'557 teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said web service is provided through a web server (Figure 1, col.2 lines 61-67, col.5 lines 10-19, col.6 lines 19-31; Wood et al: col.3 liens 14-19; Wood et al'557: col.2 lines 40-51).
- g. **Per claim 6,** Anderson and Wood et al with Wood et al'557 teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said computing device further includes a web browser for displaying and executing web content from the available web services (col.6 lines 19-31; Wood et al: col.5 lines 19-20; Wood et al'557: col.2 lines 40-51).
- h. **Per claim 7,** Anderson and Wood et al with Wood et al'557 teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said personal imaging repository provides the imaging data in a plurality of file formats (col.3 lines 30-49; Wood et al: col.4 lines 22-35 and 65-67; Wood et al'557: col.5 lines 6-8).
- i. Per claim 8, Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 7, wherein said personal imaging repository further comprising a converter for converting the imaging data to any of said plurality of file formats (col.4 lines 65-67, col.9 lines 5-14; Wood et al'557: col.5 lines 6-8).

- j. Per claim 9, Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 7 wherein said plurality of file formats of said personal imaging repository is any one from the group consisting of: Joint Photographic Experts Group Format; Graphics Interchange Format; Portable Network Graphics Format; Tagged Image File Format; Portable Document Format; and, Microsoft Windows bitmap format (col.4 lines 28-29, col.9 lines 37-39, col.24 lines 50-67; Wood et al'557: col.2 line 54-55).
- k. **Per claim 10,** Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said personal imaging repository comprises an imaging data store for storing imaging data (col.2 lines 2-15 and 53-67, col.3 lines 15-30; Wood et al: col.3 lines 22-24, col.5 lines 1-6, col.10 lines 57-62; Wood et al'557: col.2 lines 49-51).
- l. **Per claim 11,** Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said personal imaging repository comprises a plurality of imaging data stores for storing imaging data (col.5 lines 10-30 and col.5 line 64-31; Wood et al: col.9 line 52-col.10 line 15, col.10 lines 54-62).
- m. **Per claim 12,** Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 11, Anderson further teaches wherein one of said plurality of imaging data stores is assigned to the user associated with said personal imaging repository for user usage (col.5 lines 10-30 and col.5 line 64-col.6 line 31; Wood et al: col.9 line 52-col.10 line 15, col.10 lines 54-62).
- n. **Per claim 13,** Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 11 wherein one of said plurality of imaging data stores is assigned to a web service for storing imaging data available to the public (col.3 lines 8-19, col.3 line 65-col.4 line 24, col.5 lines 38-57, col.6 line

43-col.7 line 7, col.8 line 2-47, col.9 lines 29-35, col.10 lines 54-67; *Wood et al'557*: col.2 line 52-col.3 line 8).

- o. **Per claim 14,** Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said personal imaging repository comprises a composition store for storing imaging compositions of imaging data serviced as a single unit (col.3 line 50-col.4 line 47).
- p. Per claim 15, Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 14, Anderson further teaches wherein an imaging composition comprises a link to each imaging data (col.5 lines 20-30, col.6 lines 5-8; Wood et al: col.5 lines 49-56, col.6 lines 53-61).
- q. Per claim 16, Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said user information is identification and security information used for accessing said personal imaging repository (col.5 lines 20-21, col.6 lines 38-39; Wood et al: col.12 lines 66-67; Wood et al'557: col.2 lines 18-20).
- r. **Per claim 18,** Anderson and Wood et al teach the system as defined in claim 1, Anderson further teaches wherein said user information is stored on the computing device (col.5 lines 10-21; Wood et al: col.6 lines 36-39).
- s. Per claim 20, Anderson teaches the method according to claim 19 wherein said step of requesting service further comprising the steps of: requesting web content from the requested web service by the browser of the computing device (col.6 lines 21-34); receiving the request for web content from the browser by the requested web service (col.6 lines 28-38); sending web content to the browser by the requested web service responsive to the request for web content (col.6 lines 32-41); receiving the web content from the web service by the browser

(col.6 lines 29-30; Wood et al'557: col.3 lines 30-50); and, displaying and executing the web content by the browser (col.6 lines 24-42; Wood et al'557: col.2 line 52-col.3 line 8).

- t. **Per claim 21,** Anderson teaches the method according to claim 20 wherein said step of displaying and executing the web content further comprising the steps of: sending user information to the requested web service by the browser responsive to the web content (col.6 lines 2-8 and 32-38; Wood et al: col.6 lines 36-50; Wood et al'557: col.2 line 52-col.3 line 8); and, directing the browser to a requested web service responsive to the web content (col.6 lines 24-31 and 38-42; Wood et al: col.6 lines 51-61).
- u. Claim 22 is substantially similar to claim 21 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- v. **Per claim 23**, *Anderson* teaches the method according to claim 19 wherein said step of accessing the personal imaging repository further comprising the steps of: connecting with the composition store of the personal imaging repository by the web service (col.6 lines 5-8 and 19-23); obtaining a list of the imaging composition stored in the composition store by the web service (col.6 lines 19-27); constructing a web content including a list of the imaging composition by the web service and control for selecting the available service (col.6 lines 24-29); and, sending the constructed web content to the browser by the web service for user selection (col.6 lines 28-34).
- w. **Per claim 24,** Anderson teaches the method according to claim 23 further comprising the steps of: receiving the constructed web content from the web service by the browser (col.6 lines 24-29); and, displaying the constructed web content for user selections by the browser (col.6 lines 30-38).

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- Per claim 25, Anderson teaches the method according to claim 23 further comprising the steps of: requesting a selected composition in a specialized format from the composition store by the web service responsive to user selection; receiving a request for user selected composition in a specified format from the web service by the composition store; obtaining each imaging data indicated by the selected composition from its proper location; sending the imaging data linked from the user selected composition in the specified format to the web service by the composition store; and, receiving the imaging data in the specified format from the composition store by the web service (col.6 lines 21-42).
- y. **Per claim 26,** *Wood et al* teach the method as defined in claim 25 wherein said step of sending the imaging data further comprising the steps of: determining whether the imaging data needs to be converted into the specified format; and, converting the imaging data in the specified format when the imaging needs to be converted into the specified format (col.4 lines 22-31, col.6 lines 10-14, col.8 lines 31-47, col.24 lines 40-67; *Wood et al'557*: col.5 lines 2-20).
- z. Per claim 27, Anderson teaches the method according to claim 19 wherein said step of accessing the personal imaging repository further comprising the steps of: connecting with the imaging data store of the personal imaging repository indicated from the user information; and, transferring the imaging data to the imaging data store (col.5 lines 20-35, col.5 line 64-col.6 line 8, col.6 lines 19-42).
- aa. **Per claim 29,** Wood et al teach the method according to claim 27 further comprising the steps of: connecting with the imaging data store further comprising the steps of:

determining whether the connection with the imaging data store is successful; and, returning an error message to the user when the connection is not successful (col.6 lines 25-43).

- bb. Claim 30 is substantially equivalent to claims 8 and 26 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- cc. Claim 31 is substantially equivalent to claim 9 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- dd. **Per claim 32,** *Anderson* teaches the method according to claim 27 further comprising the steps of: obtaining a link reference of the transferred imaging data stored in the personal imaging data store; connecting with the composition store of the personal imaging repository indicated from the user information; creating an imaging composition having a link reference to the imaging data stored in the personal imaging data store; and, saving the imaging composition to the composition store (col.6 lines 5-37).
- ee. Claim 34 is substantially similar to claim 29 and is therefore rejected under the same basis.
- of creating an imaging composition further comprising the step of adding the link reference of the imaging data stored in the imaging data store to the imaging composition (col.5 lines 20-30, col.6 lines 5-18; *Wood et al:* col.5 lines 44-48).
- 6. <u>Claims 28 and 33</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Anderson (US 6,499,016) and Wood et al (US 6,732,162) with Wood et al '557 (US 6,895,557) in further view of Morris et al (US 6,353,848).

a. Per claim 28, Anderson et al and Wood et al Wood et al '557 teach the method

according to claim 27 as applied above, yet fail to explicitly teach the method further comprising

the steps of: obtaining a link reference of the transferred imaging data stored in the personal

imaging data store; and, disconnecting from the imaging data store by the requested web service.

However, Morris et al teach obtaining a link reference of the stored imaging data and

disconnecting by the web service (col.13 lines 30-52 and col.16 lines 39-67).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to combine the teachings of Anderson, Wood et al and Wood et al'557 with

Morris et al for the purpose of establishing a link reference, wherein the data can be accessed via

the link without the connection of the imaging data store and web service because this allows for

efficient and quicker accessibility to the data.

b. Claim 33 is substantially similar to claim 28 and is therefore rejected under the

same basis.

**CONCLUSION** 

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure: McIntyre et al (7,050,994), Reifel et al (7,013,288), Berarducci et al (6,950,198),

Umebayashi (6,819,441), Watanabe et al (6,578,072), Hui et al (6,237,010).

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this

Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kristie Shingles whose telephone number is 571-272-3888. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Rupal Dharia can be reached on 571-272-3880. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kristie Shingles Examiner

kds

RUPAL DHARIA

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